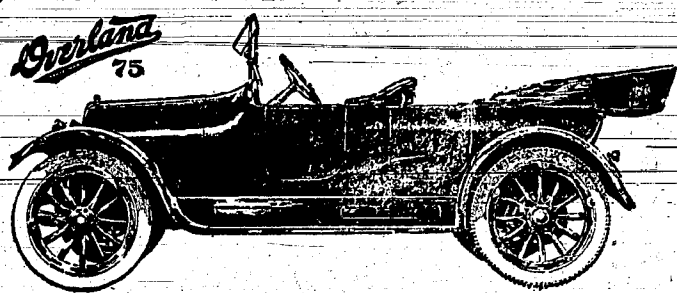


HAMS of all kinds in this butcher shop may be entirely relied upon. They are all first class and guaranteed to be of the highest quality—smoked and cured right. When you deal with us you may be sure that you are getting a square deal all the time.

Milk's Market

F. H. Milks
Phone No. 2

Overland \$675
F. O. B. Toledo



**FIVE PASSENGER
TOURING CAR**

Model 75 \$615

L. J. KRAUS, Agent
GRAYLING, MICH.



WE ARE AGENTS FOR
HARCOURT & Co.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
THE LEADING STATIONERS AND
MANUFACTURING ENGRAVERS

ORDERS FOR

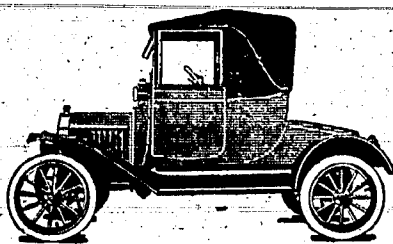
ENGRAVED CARDS, INVITATIONS, PERSONAL AND BUSINESS
STATIONERY, ETC. May be left with us with the assurance that the
work when completed will mark the user as correct and meet every require-
ment of the most discriminating taste.

THE CRAWFORD AVALANCHE
PRINTING and ADVERTISING. GRAYLING, MICH.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford Sedan—made and sold every day of the year. A woman's car in all details; cozy, refined, smart, easy to drive, easy to care for. The convenience of an electric car with sturdy endurance and Ford economy. The price of the Sedan is \$740; Coupelet \$590; Runabout \$390; Touring Car \$440; Town Car \$640, f. o. b. Detroit. On display and sale by

George Burke, Frederic, Mich.
Agent for Crawford and Northern Roscommon Counties



MICHIGAN NATIONAL GUARD ORDERED TO GRAYLING

Trouble in Mexico Causes War Department to Issue Mobilization Orders. Rations Ordered Rushed to Grayling. Guard of 5,700 Members Expected at Reservation Saturday.

Early Monday morning news reached Grayling from The Detroit Free Press that the Michigan National Guard would be called to mobilize at once at the Hanson State Military Reservation near this city. The early morning newspapers arrived soon thereafter confirming the report.

It was evident that the whole United States was ablaze, ready to respond to the call of President Wilson in the defense of our nation. The National Guard of every state had been summoned and of course Michigan was ready to do her part.

This meant the rush of troops to the Grayling camp and naturally we people of Grayling were doubly concerned. With the Guard on a war footing they will number about 5,700 soldiers, or about double number ever encamped here. This means busy times ahead and our merchants immediately got busy so to be prepared to take care of the crowds that are sure to accompany the soldiers.

The cause of this flurry is due to the hostile spirit of Mexico. A note signed by Secretary Lansing, conveying President Wilson's rejection of the demand of Carranza for the withdrawal of American soldiers from Mexico, accompanied by a specific warning that an attack on our troops "will lead to grave consequences," was telegraphed to Mexico City. While President Wilson is awaiting a reply, the work of assembling the National Guard to the Mexico border is in progress.

Immense quantities of supplies are being rushed to the Reservation. Just to give our readers an idea of what it requires to provide for the Michigan guard we publish the following, taken from Quartermaster General Walter Rogers' report:

The garrison rations include 22,000 pounds fresh beef, 2,500 pounds bacon, 14,000 loaves bread, 5,000 pounds flour, 2,500 pounds beans, 24,000 pounds potatoes, 1,000 pounds prunes, 450 pounds evaporated apples, 450 pounds evaporated peaches, 1,600 pounds coffee, 4,500 pounds sugar, 28 gallons vinegar, 56 gallons pickles, 850 pounds salt, 50 pounds pepper, 650 pounds rice, 50 pounds baking powder, 600 pounds lard and 800 pounds butter.

In addition, the commissary department has ordered 900 pounds soap and 300 pounds candles.

Letter of Appreciation from M.C. R.R. Officials.

Last week Tuesday a number of the head officials made an inspection trip to this and other Northeastern Michigan counties and while here were looked after by a special committee from the Grayling Board of Trade. E. D. Bronner, general manager of the Michigan Central, in appreciation of courtesies received while here, has written the following to Chairman Marius Hanson:

Detroit, Mich., June 15, 1916.
Mr. Marius Hanson,
Grayling, Mich.

Dear Mr. Hanson:

Altho verbal expressions of appreciation were given by our official party, who were so delightfully entertained by yourself and associates during our inspection trip, from which we returned this morning, I desire to take this opportunity to formally express to yourself and other members of your committee our sincere appreciation for your generous hospitality and perfect arrangements, which enabled us to so comfortably and expeditiously accomplish the purpose of our trip, from which we hope good results will follow.

I also wish to assure you that we were agreeably impressed with the agricultural development in your locality.

Yours truly,

E. D. Bronner.

Big Forester's Meeting.

On Monday afternoon about thirty members of Comp. Court, Grayling No. 652 went to Cheboygan to assist in initiating a class of thirty-five in the Foresters, the guards of Grayling Court having charge of the work.

The drill team is composed of the following ladies: Captain Mesdames Cody and Schreck, assisted by Mesdames P. VanPatten, Walker, Milnes, Mason, Smith, Piel, McMahon, and Misses Ethel Clark, Elsie Duprey, Alta Piel, Mildred Schreck, and Anna LaMott. Mrs. Mary Hammond, Chief Ranger, was congratulated on the excellent work as exemplified by her officers and drill team.

The Cheboyganites were loud in their praise and regretted the time of departure. Farewells were spoken and all departed for their homes after a pleasant and successful meeting.

GRAND OLD MAN DIES.

Hon. Henry H. Woodruff Succumbs to Attack of Heart Trouble.

(From Roscommon Herald-News June 15th.)

A pall of gloom was cast over our community Tuesday morning when word was passed around announcing the sudden death of Hon. Henry H. Woodruff, which occurred at his home about 10 o'clock following an attack of heart disease. For the past few years he has been in rather poor health but this spring he seemed to be improving and had just returned after spending a few days at his cottage down the AuSable river where he had



been enjoying his usual sport, trout fishing. He was around town most of the early morning conversing with his friends. He had just returned home when stricken.

Mr. Woodruff was born in Wayne county on the 28th day of January, 1841, and was a son of Henry and Abigail Woodruff, both of whom were natives of the state of New York, whence they came to Michigan in 1835, location being made in Wayne county. He received his preliminary educational training in the public schools of his native place. Subsequently he attended school at Saginaw and in 1861 he was prepared in the high school at Ann Arbor for entrance to the University of Michigan, and passed his examinations at the head of his class.

At this time the dark cloud of Civil war obscured the national horizon, and Mr. Woodruff gave evidence of his intrinsic loyalty to the cause of the Union by enlisting as a member of Company D, Sixteenth Michigan Voluntary Infantry. Early in his military career he was made corporal and he gradually rose thru the ranks of sergeant, first sergeant, second lieutenant to the office of first lieutenant. These promotions were the result of meritorious conduct in the face of the enemy. He participated in every battle in which the army of the Potomac took part, with the exception of the first two battles of Bull Run. He escaped without a single wound and after serving three years and three months, received his honorable discharge from the service.

After the close of the war he returned to Michigan and in due time entered upon the study of law at Roscommon and at Saginaw, being admitted to practice at the bar of the state, in 1875 after a rigid examination in open court, before Judge Hart. He immediately entered upon the practice of his profession in this village and here built up a large and representative clientele. In addition to his large amount of legal work he became deeply interested in the lumber business, owning at one time as much as six thousand acres of valuable timber lands. He came to Roscommon in 1874 and in December of the following year helped to organize Roscommon county. In 1875 he was elected to the office of Register of deeds, later he held the office of county clerk and in 1905 was elected judge of probate. In 1907-8 he held the office of county treasurer. He was first elected to the office of prosecuting attorney of Roscommon county in 1880, holding that position for eighteen years consecutively. After a brief respite he was again returned to the office, of which he remained in tenure for a period of twenty-two years. In politics he gave ardent support to the Republican party.

In the year 1866 was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Woodruff to Miss Abigail Elsefer, who was summoned to the life eternal in 1874. In 1877 he was united in marriage to Miss Abigail

Alcona County's Candidate For State Senator.

From Alcona County Review.

Duncan McRae, Alcona County's candidate for State Senator, was born in Anable forty-seven years ago and removed in early boyhood to Greenbush, Alcona county, where he grew to manhood and has maintained a home there practically all of his life. He has always been identified with the Republican party and was ever interested in advancing the interests of its candidate and maintaining its principles. In the early days of lumbering "Dunc" was well known among

the boys of the woods and mills, with whom he was ever a favorite. In 1898 he enlisted in Co. E 35th Mich. Vol. for duty in the Spanish-American war, and gave honorable service for his country. He held several township offices, among them treasurer and supervisor, and in these as in all other matters his record is clean. He was also postmaster in his home town several years.

In 1901 he purchased a small mercantile business at Greenbush, which he conducted successfully for a number of years when he sold out and since that time has devoted himself exclusively to dealing in forest products of all kinds, both as a producer and buyer.

This only venture in politics outside of his own town was in 1904 when he ran for judge of probate. There were eight candidates in the field that year and tho the successful candidate had only 42 votes more than he and far less than a majority, Mr. McRae steadfastly refused the urging of his friends to get into the race for the position, which had been a fair fight for the nomination and he was for the winner if the lead had been only one instead of 42. This incident gives a good idea of the character of the man. He is fair-minded and above board in politics as he is in all his other dealings.

Mr. McRae has been broadened by travel and contact with men and people of all parts of his own country and abroad, his travels in the last few years having taken him to both sea-boards, thru the west and middle-west, the south, to Cuba, the West Indies, Panama and in several foreign countries. He is a broad-gauged American citizen and his home is and always has been within the boundaries of the 28th Senatorial district of Michigan.

So far as his home county is concerned, Mr. McRae will receive practically the unanimous vote of his party and there are many not of his party who hope for the opportunity to place a cross before his name on election day.

In placing his name as a candidate, Alcona does so with no mental reservation when we say that here is a man fit in every way to honorably and ably represent the district as a member in the State Senate.

Moiles and they became the parents of two children, Mrs. Mary Fuller, who resides in Grand Rapids; and Mrs. Elizabeth Pattie, of this place.

Mr. Woodruff devoted himself assiduously to his profession and to the public offices with which he has been honored. As a man he was thoroughly conscientious, of undoubted integrity, and courteous in manner.

Beside his daughters he is survived by three sisters and one brother, Mrs. Elizabeth Waller, of Detroit; Mrs. Mary Edget of Largo, Florida; Mrs. Wm. Carpenter of Muskogee; and Willis Woodruff of Largo, Florida.

The funeral was held from the home last Thursday at four o'clock, Rev. Ira Kinney officiating. The remains were laid to rest in Higgins cemetery.

LADIES—Don't miss getting several pairs of shoes or Oxfords at our special sale. And get a couple of pairs for the girls. Grayling Mercantile Co.

LADIES

GRASP THIS OPPORTUNITY

We are making especially attractive offerings in everything for summer wear for women, girls and children, both in ready-to-wear and in fabrics. Exceptionally attractive is our line of waists, lingerie and wash goods generally. You will be more than pleased with our lines of hosiery, which we are selling at very close prices. Prices, though, are distressing close on all lines and in every department. It is worth a trip to see them.

Emil Kraus

GRAYLING'S LEADING DRY GOODS STORE

Standing of Auto Contestants

Contestants	Ask your grocer for
Kennet, Nettie.....103,999	Cassidy's Quality Bread
Ruby Dyer.....97,325	
George Hodge.....74,695	
Frankie Owens.....21,630	
Romain Charron.....13,390	
Bonnie Decker.....9,685	
Edgar Douglas.....9,500	No Better Made
Store Service	

Model Bakery and Grocery

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

Where You Win

When you buy hardware you depend upon the integrity of the dealer to sell you an article that will make good. That is where you win when you come to us. We do not handle any of the "cheap" stuff that is made only to sell at a big profit. When we sell it to you it is guaranteed to be exactly as we represent it, and you are protected in your every purchase, whether it be five cents or a hundred dollars.

Attention, Please!

This is the season of the year when you will need certain articles listed below. We have them in stock—they are the best—prices are down—and YOU WIN when you buy them.

Vapor Oil Stoves Carpenters' and Machin-
Screen Doors ists' Tools, Cutlery
Lawn Mowers Builders' Hardware

SALLING, HANSON CO.

Hardware Department

LIVERY & SALES STABLES



Prompt livery
service ready at
anytime.

Also heavy work.

Farms and Farm Lands and Village
Property For Sale.

N. P. Olson, Grayling

Phone No. 384

Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months.....40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 22

Eldorado Nuggets.

The party at the Head school house Saturday evening, was largely attended. Every one reports a good time.

Miss Dottie Elliott has accepted a position in the Roscommon telephone exchange.

Burton Williams returned Tuesday from Grayling, where he spent a few days with friends and relatives.

Fred Hartman returned from Grayling, where he is employed by the Salling, Hanson Co., to attend the party at the Head school house, Saturday evening.

Miss Lucile Knight and Geo. Pearl, Jr., of Coy., spent Sunday at the Kellogg farm.

Norton Williams, who had the misfortune to cut his foot last Thursday, is again able to be about on it.

L. J. Miller and daughter, Helen and Miss Cecil Legg, who have been spending a few weeks at the "Heads," returned to Marlette, Friday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hartman were callers in Grayling Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lamm took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. K. Borg Sunday.

E. H. Mills of Grayling called at the Crane and Hartman farms last Thursday, where he purchased some fine veal and poultry.

Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Wehnes and Miss Francis Wehnes spent Sunday at the Martin farm at Keno.

The Mothers' club was pleasantly entertained at the home of their president, Mrs. Waldo B. Kellogg, last Thursday. After a fine dinner the business session was called, and for

the entertainment, each member responded to her name at roll call with an interesting quotation or recitation. The afternoon passed all too quickly, and the ladies were sorry when it was over.

Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Frye and family and Isadore Ochs of Roscommon, were Sunday visitors at Oak Hill farm.

The invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Eleanor Merry, a former resident of this place, to Mr. Otto Zench of Lansing, Saturday evening, June 24th, at the home of her parents, West Lenawee St., Lansing.

Lovells.

Miss Florence McCormick and Mrs. Gale were Gaylord callers Monday, calling on Dr. Knapp for medical advice.

Margaret Douglas returned home Monday, after a two weeks visit with relatives in West Branch.

Newell Underhill drove a load of young people to the dance at Lewiston, Saturday night.

Martha Stillwagon arrived home Monday from West Branch, where she has been attending school the past two years. She will spend her vacation in Lovells with her parents.

Ralph Clarkson wears a broad smile the past week, the fact that a young daughter was born to their home. The new-comer made her appearance at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Barber of Grayling.

Jacob Truitt of Caro, being at one time an owner of land near Lovells, spent several days with friends in this vicinity.

Bass season opened the loth. There were many fine catches of bass taken from K. P. Lake.

Harry Jones, who has been driving the car of C. F. Underhill left Saturday for Detroit. Newell Underhill will now drive the automobile.

Mr. Martha Foley was a Lovells caller Tuesday. She is on her way to Ypsilanti, where she will attend the summer normal.

C. W. Nash and wife were in Lovells

over Sunday bringing an electrician to wire their cottage, which they expect to be completed by July 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Redhead were in Lovells Monday.

Mr. Ireland and a party of nine are at their cottage, where they will remain the greater part of the summer.

Young Mother Succumbs to Death.

Mrs. Lulu Barnes, pretty young wife of Frank C. Barnes, passed away last Sunday morning at Mercy hospital, leaving an infant babe, besides two other small children.

Mrs. Barnes was 25 years, 9 months and 9 days old and had lived in Grayling, practically all of her life, except two years at which time she resided in Vandalia. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fairbotham, her mother's death occurring several years ago.

She attended the Grayling schools here up to the time of the death of her mother, when she was forced to discontinue her studies and care for the home, and on Dec. 23, 1909, she was united in marriage to Frank Barnes.

The deceased was a member of the lady Macabees of this city, who attended the funeral in a body Tuesday morning. Rev. Mitchell conducted the funeral, which was held from the home at 9:00 and at the M. E. church at 10:00 o'clock. Interment was made in Elmwood cemetery.

The deceased leaves to mourn her sad going, her husband and three children: Edward, Doris and Lewis, her father, five sisters, Margaret, M. House, Mrs. Alma Richardson, Cora Fern and Violet Fairbotham and two brothers, John, William and Frank Fairbotham, all of whom have the sympathy of their friends.

She is from out of town, who were in attendance at the funeral, were Miss Alma E. Richardson, of Lansing, Margaret M. House, of Detroit, Mr. and Mrs. D. O. Barnes, of Grand Rapids, Mrs. M. J. M. and Mrs. Elmer Hendrickson, Hubbard Head, Mrs. James Williams, Mrs. J. E. P. and Mrs. Violet Fairbotham, of Roscommon.

First Annual Banquet Frederic Board of Commerce.

The first annual banquet of the Frederic Board of Commerce was held at their club rooms last night and was a very enjoyable affair from start to finish.

Covers were laid for thirty guests, ladies and gentlemen, and every place was occupied. Two tables, spread with snow-white linen, looked very pretty. Two vases of small pink rose buds were on each table. The rooms of the club were decorated with pine trees; on the wall were hung star-spangled streamers, and miniature American flags; red, white and blue festoons hung from the corners of the rooms to the centers.

After Grace was said by Rev. Terhune of Frederic, the guests sat down to a most delicious banquet, and those who were privileged to be there did ample justice to the many good things that were set before them. These were served in courses as follows:

Wine, Crystal wafers.

Roast turkey with dressing, mashed potatoes, graham bread, rolls.

Radishes, celery, olives, cucumbers, ripe tomatoes, cabbage salad.

Strawberry shortcake, London pudding, coffee.

Maple moussé, assorted cake.

Cigars.

The banquet was entirely in charge of L. A. Gardner, and the surprising part of it was that everything had been prepared by that gentleman, and we doubt if there is a lady in Grayling, who would have done better. Everything was cooked delicious. Even the desserts were prepared by Mr. Gardner, and everything was served most daintily. This could have been a credit to any first class chef.

Four young-lady waiters did the serving: Misses Doris Langley, Elma Mabeo, Mae McDermid and Elma Craven, which was done in a most pleasing and systematic manner.

After the banquet H. L. Abrahamson acted as toastmaster and a few impromptu talks were given. The meeting broke up at 11:30 p. m. after the most enjoyable and profitable affair of the kind ever held in Frederic.

Few towns the size of Frederic can boast of having an industrial board, and it is a credit to that town to have such an organization. Their organization from time last winter and is of record as follows: George Burkhardt, president; L. A. Gardner, secretary; B. Callahan, treasurer; James Tobin, Albert Lewis and H. L. Abrahamson, trustees. The membership of the Board is about twenty, but they expect a good steady growth.

Ballard-Duclos Wedding.

Miss Edith Ballard, of this city was quietly united in marriage to Mr. Wm. Duclos, of this city, at the home of the former last Monday evening.

Only near friends and relatives of the contending parties were present to witness the ceremony. This was conducted by Rev. A. A. Mitchell, pastor of the M. E. church. James E. Ballard of Tawas City, brother of the bride, acted as best man, and Mrs. James E. Ballard as matron of honor. Following the ceremony an elaborate luncheon was served and the happy couple left on the 1:04 a. m. train for a week's visit wedding trip to Detroit.

Miss Ballard is well known in Grayling, having lived here many years, and is an estimable young lady. Mr. Duclos is now an employee at the Du Pont plant.

We wish the happy couple a pleasant voyage thru life. Mr. and Mrs. Duclos will be at home in Grayling after July 1st.

Miss Evelyn Peterson of LeRoy, was present at the wedding.

Forethought.

People are learning that a little forethought often saves them a big expense. Here is an instance: E. W. Archer, Caldwell, Ohio, writes: "I do not believe that our family has been without Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy since we commenced keeping house years ago. When we go on an extended visit we take it with us." Obtainable everywhere.

Business Opportunity

Requires \$1,500 capital and a small place to work near where you can get sand; preferably from a gravel pit and a small building for a warehouse, not over 20x20 feet. This business is to manufacture concrete tile roofing products under patent and entirely new developments. This roofing tile will sell immediately upon presentation, as it is no heavier than slate and costs little more to make than shingle.

With this outfit you can make from \$25 to \$40 per day and more in proportion as you increase the number of your machines. We will co-operate with you in finding a market for your manufactured product, although this will be unnecessary, as you will have difficulty in keeping up with the demand. This roofing is suitable for all kinds of buildings. It has life-wearing qualities, is moisture-proof, can be made in any color, is exceptionally economical, is absolutely fire-proof, and can be laid equally well on old and new roofs. I have the rights for Michigan for these machines and will protect the purchaser for 14 years within the limits of the territory granted, which cannot exceed one county to an agent. If interested write at once for details, specifying the territory preferred.

CHAS. A. FLOYD, Construction Supply Company, Grand Rapids, Mich.

LEGALIZING VIOLENCE

The petitions now being circulated by organized labor asking that the constitution of the state be amended so as to give the courts the power to issue injunctions against labor disputes is one of the most arbitrary and revolutionary moves ever made in a democratic country in time of peace. The suspension of the writ of habeas corpus would be fraught with no more danger to the rights of citizens than the depriving of certain classes of our people of the right to seek this remedy to prevent the destruction of their property and the ruin of their business. It is the most radical kind of class legislation because it seeks to deliver up one class of our citizens, both helpless and the tender mercies of another class.

We might look upon this move with more or less complacency if the evil was to affect only the class at which it is aimed, but the evil effects from such legislation will touch every citizen of the state. We cannot isolate such a vicious principle. Sooner or later the whole people who pay all the bills in the end, will taste the bitter fruit, and it is better that they should realize this before putting their hands to a petition which is bound to handicap their commercial activities, work disaster to their industries and open the door to a whole host of vicious legislation. The fundamental law of the state is to be changed so as to deprive the manufacturer of the power to protect his property by injunction it will pave the way for an orgy of disorder and destruction against which the local authorities are powerless.

Organized labor may deny that it intends either disorder or destruction, but the very fact that it is asking that the legal restraints upon such action be removed proves the case against it. If a business man's property is threatened with destruction at the hands of disgruntled employees or anyone else he is not entitled to the entire force of the commonwealth to protect it? If organized labor does not intend to coerce the employer by threatening the destruction of his property why is it making such strenuous efforts to deprive the legal protection which he has had since the foundation of the republic? The motive behind all this activity is too transparent to deceive any citizen who will acquaint himself with the facts.

It is time that the people realized that they have to pay in the final analysis for all labor disputes, strikes, lockouts and boycotts. This fact is unescapable. Have the people of any city in this state so many factories that they can afford to open the doors to fire and destruction? Are we not all vitally interested in the survival of our factories? Are we not all affected adversely when those payrolls dwindle or disappear? Can we afford to place our factories at the mercy of those who respect not the personal or property rights of another? The vast majority of our workmen are orderly and law-abiding citizens, but there are unfortunately too many to whom the destruction of property appeals as the best arguments which can be used in the settlement of labor disputes. Before our citizens give encouragement to this movement they should consider the extent to which organized labor would not ask for this power if it did not intend to use it.

adv.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our sincere thanks to the friends and neighbors, who were so kind, during the death of our wife and mother. Also our appreciation for the many beautiful flowers.

FRANK C. BARNES

AND CHILDREN, AND RELATIVES.

—Ladies—Don't miss getting several pairs of shoes or Oxfords at our special sale. And get a couple of pairs for the girls. Grayling Mercantile Co.

To The Public.

"I have been using Chamberlain's Tablets for indigestion for the past six months, and it affords me pleasure to say I have never used a remedy that did me so much good."—Mrs. C. E. Rives, Elkhart, N. Y. Chamberlain's Tablets are obtainable everywhere.

WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 8 cents per line. No advance taken for less than 15 cents. There are about 15 words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

LOST—In AuSable river just below the "Pullover" for six brown canvas sack containing clothing and provisions. Liberal reward. Isaac P. James, Saginaw, Mich. 6-22-2

FOR SALE—Angle worms, 10 cents per hundred. Menno Corwin, Phone 933. 6-22-2

PLAIN sewing and dressmaking. Phone 663. 6-22-2

TO RENT—6 room house on Chestnut street. Inquire of Mrs. Nemesius Nielsen. 5-22-2

FOUND—Stray dog. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this notice. W. Fales, South Side. 6-22-3

WANTED—Supt. A. A. Ellsworth can accommodate a limited number of students for six weeks of work, beginning Monday, July 3.

FOR SALE—Overland Roadster. Recently overhauled; now in A1 condition. Will sell cheap, if taken at once. Phone evenings 1061; daytime 562. Reason for selling, have two cars. Fred Welsh. 6-15-2

FOR SALE—Good work horse, weight 1100. Will work single or double, nine years old. Phone 261, Frank Freeland. 4-6-2

Don't Neglect The Kidneys. Do you take a kidney tablet once in a while, the same as you do a cathartic? If you don't, you should, because the kidneys are blood filters and need cleaning themselves the same as your bowels. Dr. Navaun's Kidney Tablets are for this purpose and are for sale at Mr. Lewis' store. Samples will be sent on request by the Botanic Drug Co., Detroit, Mich.

Thirty Men's Suits

Mostly small sizes that we will

Sell Cheap to Close Out

These are all good suits and are just the thing for everyday wear; besides they will save you a few dollars.

Our Rest Room

is open all day and we consider it a pleasure to have you make use of it—this is for whomsoever may come.

It is not necessary that you be a patron of our stores in order to enjoy the comforts of the Rest Room. You will always be courteously received and made to feel comfortable.

Salling, Hanson Co.

The Pioneer Store



Kernels of Pork

Cut lean meat from a spare rib of pork. Cut in three-fourths inch slices; sprinkle with salt and cook in a hot frying-pan, rubbed over with some of the fat. Remove to a hot platter and surround with nests made from savory potatoes and fill nests with creamed silver skins. Garnish with parsley.

The Above

Remarks Refer

Exclusively

to Meat

Bought Here

We Make Good in Our Claim of Good Meats

GAME & BURROWS

WHILE THEY LAST

All Bedding Plants at Half Price

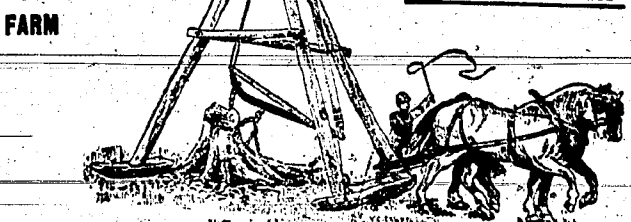
English Daisies, Ageratum, Snapdragons, etc., at 25c dozen
Asters, two dozen for 25c
A quarter's worth extra of plants free with every \$1.00 purchase

Grayling Greenhouses

Open from 6:00 to 6:00. Sundays and holidays until 9:30 a. m. Positively no delivery after that time.

PULL YOUR STUMPS

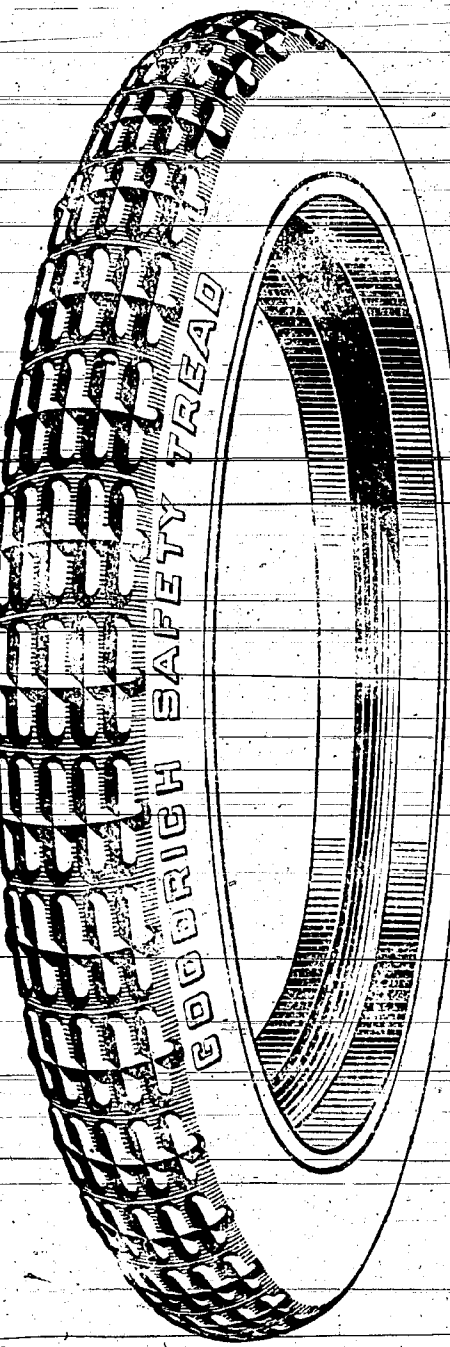
ADD LAND TO YOUR FARM Add Money to Its Value With the "AUMOND STUMP PULLER"



Twenty years on the market has proven the Aumond to be the only practical stump puller. One of our customers says: "I have made \$35 in a day pulling stumps with your machine." You will find strength, power, durability, convenience and low cost of operation combined in our Puller. Write today for complete information, prices and fine illustrated catalog. Write today. A post card will do it. Address THE AUMOND STUMP MACHINE COMPANY, CEDAR SPRINGS, MICH.

Most Successful Merchants Are the Biggest Advertisers.

The "Gold-Standard" in Tires



GOODRICH Tire Values are not at all "Accidental." They spring from Conditions which are logical as the Laws of the Universe.

The "intentioned" Tire Manufacturer cannot AVOID being heavily handicapped when competing against them.

Because, Goodrich "Conditions" summarize into this:

1st—The longest Experience in Mfg. the product.

2nd—The greatest Leverage on purchasing of Raw Materials at lowest prices, through ability to take larger quantities.

3rd—The lowest Cost of Manufacturing, through largest VOLUME of Output.

4th—The clearly-demonstrated INTENTION to give Consumers and Dealers the full benefit of the large ECONOMIES resulting from possession of the three Cardinal Advantages above defined.

THE Product of such a Rubber Concern, when marketed under such conditions, giving the benefit of such huge Economies to Consumers may well, and logically, be considered the "GOLD-STANDARD" in Tire Values.

Therefore: When you pay MORE than the Goodrich Fair-List prices, here printed, for ANY Goodrich Tire, you are merely "contributing" to the success of your competitor.

You CANNOT get "better" Fabric Tires, at ANY price! Test them thoroughly, — and see!

THE B. F. GOODRICH CO.

Akron, O.

Goodrich "Fair-List" Prices

(SAFETY TREADS)

20 x 3	Ford Sizes	\$10.40
30 x 3 1/2		\$13.40
32 x 3 1/2		\$15.45
33 x 4		\$22.00
34 x 4		\$22.40
35 x 4 1/2		\$31.20
36 x 4 1/2		\$31.60
37 x 5		\$37.35

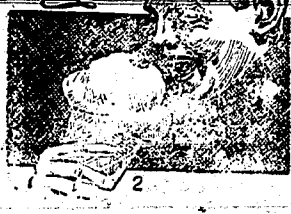
GOODRICH "Black-Tread" TIRES

"TEXTAN"—The New Goodrich Shoe Sole (for your Feet).

Does for your SHOES what the black "Barfoot-Rubber" Tread does for Goodrich Tires.

—Wears longer than Leather! —Is Non-slippery! —Is more Flexible than Leather! —Is Waterproof! —Is Lighter than Leather! —Is EASIER on your Feet!

Ask your Shoe Dealer or Shoe Repairer, for Textan Soles on your next pair of Shoes.

Cool!
Some
ICE CREAM

Children Like Ice Cream

Why not give it to them—it has been proven by experts that ICE CREAM gives the greatest energy and builds the finest tissues with the least waste—it has MORE FOOD VALUE and will build more strength than most of the food we are now eating.

Could you give the children anything better?
It's a pure, wholesome, tissue building food.
Let the kiddies have plenty of it.
Let it act as their dessert during the hot summer months.

A. M. LEWIS, YOUR DRUGGIST

Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 22

Thomas Cassidy has a new Ford.
Miss Elsie Zalsman has gone to Big Rapids and Paris to visit friends and relatives.

You are missing your opportunities if you do not take advantage of Hathaway's watch-selling plan.

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Harrington are visiting friends in Bay City and Midland for a couple of weeks.

Will J. Lauder arrived yesterday from M. A. C., Lansing to spend the summer vacation at his home here.

Miss Verna Biggs is spending a two weeks vacation at the home of her uncle, John Corwin, near Roscommon.

The Grayling Green house is offering all their bedding plants at half price. See their advertisement on 4th page.

Miss Florence Countryman, closed her term of teaching in the Boyne City schools, and returned home last Sunday to spend the vacation.

Mrs. Benjamin Jerome, with her two children of Detroit, are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Bates and also of Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Jerome.

At the last regular meeting of the D. Y. P. society, Niels Nielson was elected delegate to attend the annual convention to be held this year, July 14, 15, 16, at Racine, Wisconsin.

The Grayling Board of trade excursion to Bay City has been postponed from June 29th. The positive date will be arranged for later and announced in the Avalanche. Watch for it.

Mrs. O. W. Rooser, entertained her two sisters, the past week, Mrs. R. T. Tremper of Saginaw, and Mrs. Geo. Woods of Johannesburg. They returned to their homes Tuesday.

Mrs. Delevan Smith, Prudence Marshall, Celia Granger, James H. Wingard and Ambrose McClain left Tuesday to attend the G. A. R. encampment, that is being held in Bay City this week.

Marion F. Smart, a graduate of the Grayling High school class of 1911, this week graduated with high honors from the Chemical Engineering department of the University of Michigan. Mr. Smart spent a few days here visiting friends, before leaving for his home in Boyne City.



**AN
EVEREADY
FLASHLIGHT**

with its guaranteed Tungsten long service battery and Mazda lamp, assures you an instantaneous light wherever and whenever you may need it. Come in. Let us show you.

For
the Man
who Works
in the Dark

Olaf Sorenson & Sons
Electric Bulbs and
Spark Plugs
For All Makes of Cars

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

Mrs. Wm. Brennan visited friends in Waters last Thursday.
J. E. Crowley made a business trip to Bay City last Saturday.

Leimer Haire moved his family to Bay City the latter part of last week.

Hathaway says he was never more busy or doing more business. Why? Service and satisfaction.

Esbern Olson returned Sunday morning from Detroit, where he had been for several days on business.

Miss Margaret Failing of Bay City, arrived Monday and is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Failing.

Miss Elsie Sparks arrived Monday afternoon from Galesburg, Ill., to visit her mother, Mrs. Tillie Sparks at the John Larson home.

Miss Flora Borchers is enjoying a two weeks vacation from her duties as clerk at the Hans Petersen grocery and is spending ten days of same with friends in Saginaw.

Clyde Hum, who has a good position in Detroit, spent Sunday here visiting his father, Postmaster John F. Hum, returning to the city on the early train Monday morning.

Carlton Melstrup has resigned his position at the Hathaway jewelry store and is assisting in the R. Hanson & Sons office at T-Town. Lyle Milks is the new clerk at Hathaway's.

Miss Vera Cameron of Frederic spent Sunday here the guest of friends. Miss Cameron, who taught in the schools at Frederic the last term, leaves today for Ypsilanti to attend summer school.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Lewis left Monday night for a week's vacation in Detroit. Mr. Lewis is looking forward to seeing some good Detroit-Cleveland ball games there this week.

Messrs. Efner Matson, William H. Cody, Allen B. Failing and A. C. Olson are attending the state encampment of the Loyal Order of Moose at Muskegon, as delegates from Grayling. They left yesterday by auto.

Mrs. Hugh Kelley and two children of Midland arrived last Friday and are spending the week visiting Mrs. Kelley's brother, Thomas Cassidy and family.

Mr. Cassidy and sister spent Sunday at Cheboygan visiting other relatives.

Donald Hanson of Cadillac spent last week here the guest of his cousin, Wilhelm Raue and wife. Mr. Hanson left last Monday morning for Chris Johnson's camp, where he hopes to recuperate for the summer to try and regain his health.

The marriage of Miss Bessie Failing, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Failing of this city and Mr. Lorue Douglas, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Douglas of Johannesburg, but formerly of Grayling, will occur next Saturday, June 24th. Only immediate relatives will be guests.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Agnes Hanson, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hanson of this city, and Mr. William C. Campbell, of Mt. Pleasant, that will occur on the evening of June 28th at the Danish Lutheran church. After the ceremony a reception will be given at Danebod Hall.

An account of the contended absence of Mayor P. P. S. Kelton, of Bay City, June 29th, and also of other members of the Bay City Board of commerce, the excursion trip of the Grayling Board of trade to Bay City has been postponed to some time in July. Ample notice will be given when the final date is determined.

A very pretty party was given Monday afternoon by Mrs. J. C. Burton, announcing the engagement of her daughter Irene, to Harry E. Simpson. The home was prettily decorated with bride's roses, pink and white being the colors used. Considerable time was enjoyed by the assembled guests in solving a perplexing guessing contest. Mrs. Esbern Olson, being victorious, received a beautiful hand painted plate as her reward.

When the guests were escorted to the dining room, where a delicious luncheon was served, they found at each place large full blown roses to which were attached small envelopes, bearing the words, "The Message of the Rose." On opening these were found to contain the announcement of the engagement.

Quartermaster W. G. Rokers arrived from Lansing this morning. He says that the supply trains will reach here tomorrow morning and troop trains Saturday, the first one at about 6:00 a. m. He is of the opinion that the troops will be in the camp a month and possibly all summer.

Four young men of West Branch were in the city last Monday posting "Fourth of July" bills, as West Branch is going to have a rousing celebration. There will be three days of fun and jollity, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, 3rd, 4th and 5th. The bills say everyone is welcome.

Word has been received by the Danish congregation, that the next convention of the Danish Lutheran churches of America, will be held at Grant, Mich., where the Ashland High school is located. The last meeting was held at Newell, Iowa, at which L. C. Bundgaard attended as a delegate. Mr. Bundgaard on his return home after attending the convention, is visiting friends in Chicago and Grant.

Miss Marie Olson entertained a number of little friends Tuesday afternoon in honor of the day, it being her sixth birthday anniversary.

Miss Laura Simpson, arrived home the fore-part of the week, having closed a successful term of teaching at the schools in Laurium, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Husted are entertaining the latter's sister, Mrs. W. E. Baby of Saginaw, for a few weeks. Mr. Baby will join her here for the week-end.

Norme Douglas was a member of the graduation class from the Chemical Engineering department of the U. of M. this year. He arrived here Tuesday.

Miss Icie Milnes and Miss Jetta Grover of Riverview enjoyed an auto trip to Manistee last Thursday. Miss Milnes returned to Grayling on the afternoon train, Monday.

Miss Edna Brown of Saginaw spent last Sunday at her home here, and entertained her friends, Misses Elsie Brown and Nina Chel, also of Saginaw, who accompanied her home.

The Danish church society will give an ice cream social at Danebod Hall next Thursday, June 22, in the afternoon at 2:00 o'clock, and evening. Everyone cordially invited to attend.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Newton McMahon, of Appleton, Wis., a 10 pound baby boy, Cleo Wesley, on Monday, June 12th. The former is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Jeffrey McMahon, and were former residents of this city.

Mrs. N. C. Nielsen and family, having packed their household goods left for Flint yesterday, to join Mr. Nielsen, who has been working in Flint for several months. The family expect to make their future home in that city.

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Young girls' hose should be soft, shaped to fit well and with good wearing qualities. All these qualities you will find in Foot Rest hosiery at prices that save you money. Hose of equal grade and quality are regularly sold for more than Foot Rest prices. Ask to see Foot Rest hosiery the next time you are in our store.

Foot Rest Hosiery
For Children, 10c-15c-25c
For Women, 10c-15c-25c-50c-1.00
For Men, 10c-15c-25c-50c

J. A. HOLLIDAY
5, 10 and 25c Store
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN

Rev. Fr. J. J. Riess is driving a brand new Buick Six roadster.

Miss Bessie Brown is clerking in the Model bakery for the summer.

Miss Beatrice Gierke left last Wednesday for Bay City, to spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Lamb have purchased a fine new seven-passenger Mitchell.

Mrs. J. Charlefour spent Sunday at Frederic visiting her daughter, who resides there.

Stanley Insley is home from Notre Dame college to spend the summer with his parents.

Miss Minnie Love of Roscommon was visiting friends in the city the latter part of last week.

Mrs. Henry DeWaele and son, Master Howard left last Monday for a two weeks visit in Bay City.

John Corwin, living near Roscommon, is building a fine new half-base-barn, size 35x70 feet.

Mrs. Addie Patterson, of Pittsford arrived here today to spend a few days with Mrs. O. Palmer.

Mrs. Will Butler and children of Lansing, are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Adelbert Taylor.

Mrs. M. A. Bates returned last Monday from Detroit, after a couple weeks visit with her daughter, Mrs. Benjamin Jerome.

Carl Deroh has resigned his position at the Avalanche office and is assisting Surveyor E. S. Houghton. At present he is working at Deward.

Boats for rent at Portage lake park, a half mile from Resort on the M. & N. E. railroad. Fine train service from Grayling. Otto McIntyre.

The first county-rally-dry-campaign is being held here this afternoon and evening. The speakers are Supt. Matt Mullen, of Traverse City, E. C. O'Rourke, president of the State W. C. T. U., and Mrs. Jennie Carley, of Rochester. The meetings are at the Temple theatre at 2:30 and 7:45 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Salling, with their daughters, Louise and Christine left last Saturday for Lansing to visit their daughter, Mrs. Spencer Melstrup and family. Mr. Salling will return home next Monday, but Mrs. Salling and daughters will remain for a longer visit.

Mrs. M. J. Phillips, wife of Major M. J. Phillips of Orono, died at her home in that city Tuesday night. Mrs. Phillips was taken suddenly ill last week Thursday. She was a daughter of Mrs. Chas. Robinson of this city and spent her childhood days in Grayling, and was a sister of Mrs. Robert Peterson, of this city.

Major Phillips has a son, a promise from the government to remain at home with his wife during her illness. Besides her husband she leaves three children, the youngest of whom is three months old. There are many friends in Grayling, who will be saddened at the news of this untimely death.

The members of the Senior class are enjoying their annual outing at Portage lake. There being only six of this class they have invited a number of their friends, and left last Monday for the lake. The young ladies are occupying the John Dean cottage, and the young men, the Williams cottage. In spite of the inclement weather, they are having, as usual, a fine time. The party includes Misses Helen Bingham, Laura Nelson, Leora Ellsworth, Minnie Sherman, Mary Cassidy, Vita Fischer, Lucile Hanson, Fern Armstrong and the Messrs. Roy Milnes, Wayne Thompson, Joe Cassidy, Carleton Melstrup and Frank Tetu.

O. Palmer attended the Grand encampment of the G. A. R. at Bay City yesterday. He did not remain to the close of the meeting, but says that he had an opportunity once more of greeting some of his former comrades, and right down in his heart had a glad time.

Dr. Palmer is one of the best known Grand Army men in Michigan and stands high in the esteem of his comrades. There are probably few men in Michigan who are so highly regarded among their home people and those at large who know them as is Dr. Palmer. He is one of the few men whose life efforts have been along lines of uplift and solid construction, and never antipathetic with any movement tending toward the opposite.

Supt. Phelps of the Hanson State Game preserve at Portage lake says, that there are now 27 deer at the reservation and from these there has been a large increase. Just the number of newly born fawns cannot be determined as they are too scattered through the enclosure to know. He says that he is looking for an increase among the elk also. There are four of these at present. It is the intention to make this place a breeding place of large magnitude, provided enough territory may be acquired. At present there are but 80 acres enclosed but the department wants 1,000 and the conditions here are ideal for having it, provided the military board will grant it. Mr. Phelps says that if enough territory cannot be acquired, that this feature of the reservation will have to be removed. Among the game that will be propagated on a large scale are Chinese pheasants and Mallard ducks. The former, altho of Mongolian breed, are claimed to thrive in climate as cold as 50 degrees below zero. Mallard ducks have proven miracles in the way of increase, do not propagate. With such resources our woods of Michigan might easily be re-populated with these game birds. Tuesday of this week, two fawns, one white with pink eyes—a regular Albino and one blue-gray swan were added to the Preserve. These were sent here from the Sault Ste. Marie game preserve.

JUNE SPECIALS

Ladies' Wash Skirts

Nice cool, Wash Skirts, several styles and materials

\$1.50 to \$6.00

Several lots of new

Blouses, Voiles, Silks

all washable

\$1.00 to \$2.50

Ladies' Summer Underwear

All Styles and Sizes

Vests 10c up. Union Suits

25c 50c \$1.00

Ladies' Middies

A big assortment to choose from

75c to \$1.50

Reductions in Our Millinery Dep't.

\$7.00 and \$8.00 Hats now

\$5.00

\$5.00 and \$6.00 Hats now

\$3.95

\$4.00 Hats now

\$2.95

\$3.00 Hats now

\$1.98

Our sale of Ladies'

Shoes and Oxfords

has created a big stir. Better see these values this week.

Men's Straw Hats

In the New Shapes and Straws

50c to \$2.50

Grayling Mercantile Co.

The Quality Store

MICHIGAN

STRAWBERRIES

AT

PETERSEN'S

Let us have your order now

Eat More and Pay Less

Are You Interested in the Economical Management of Your Household Expenses, Especially in the Important Subject of Table Expense? Read This:

There are two ways in which you can curtail your monthly table expense. One is to buy a very cheap grade of provisions and groceries, which, while apparently cheap in price, are yet even cheaper in quality, are lacking in the proper nourishment, and eventually lead to the impairment of your health. The other and better way is to buy only articles of guaranteed purity. Such articles are rich in the life sustaining nutriment and hence require a less amount to satisfy the demands of nature. You can readily see that in the end they are by far the cheaper, because they stimulate health, prevent doctor bills, and prolong your life and usefulness.

This Store Handles Only a Pure and Guaranteed Grade of Groceries and Provisions, but we Sell Them at Popular Prices. Try them.

DeWaele & Son

GROCERS

The Home of Good Things to Eat

The Crawford Avalanche

Crawford County's Home Paper

Our advertisements bring results

RUGS of QUALITY

In selecting our Rugs we have given our first and most careful attention to picking qualities that will give the best satisfaction for the money.

Each one of our rugs was selected for its individual beauty of design and harmonious colorings.

An inspection of our offerings will prove that our Rugs combine Style with Quality.

Sorenson Bros.

The Home of Dependable Furniture



DEMOCRATS NAME WILSON-MARSHALL BY ACCLAMATION

President and Vice President
Unanimous Choice of St.
Louis Convention.

NAMED AFTER SERIES OF DEMONSTRATIONS

William Jennings Bryan Addresses
Delegates, Praising Chief Executive—Ticket Named at Night
Session—Story of the Big
Political Gathering.

St. Louis.—In the presence of a cheering, song singing crowd of 12,000 that packed the Coliseum to its capacity and left a surging, tumultuous mob of disappointed ticketholders outside, Woodrow Wilson was renominated for president of the United States by acclamation at 11:50 o'clock, Thursday night.

At 11:55 o'clock Vice President Thomas Riley Marshall was renominated by acclamation.

Thus, by five minutes, did the Democrats escape the dreaded hoodoo of a ticket named on Friday.

There followed some speeches. Then at 12:31 a. m. the convention adjourned until eleven o'clock Friday morning for action on the platform.

Give Display of Unity.

It was after a series of demonstrations of enthusiasm and party unity lasting nearly three hours and emphasized by the appearance of William Jennings Bryan on the stand as a speaker, that Senator Hughes of New Jersey, interrupting the speeches seconding the nomination of President Wilson, moved that the selection of



President Wilson Making an Address.

the candidate be made by acclamation. "Senator Hughes moves that the rules be suspended and the nomination made by acclamation," bawled Chairman James above the tumult. We was about to put the motion when a man rushed down the aisle with upraised military forefinger and the uplifted voice of protest. It was "Bobby" Burke of Chicago, elected Illinois delegate at large as an anti-Wilson man.

CHANGE THINGS FOR MARTIN

Perpetual Sergeant-at-Arms of Democratic Convention is Shoved to the Rear.

The naughty, hard-hearted Democratic national committee has taken Col. John I. Martin's playthings away from him at this convention.

Colonel Martin, who has been unanimously elected sergeant-at-arms of every Democratic national convention for 30 years, usually is a whole show

the center aisle. "For Woodrow Wilson—Peace, Prosperity and Preparedness," it reads.

With about 3,000 seats in the hall there are surely 15,000 people in the building.

"Cheer, cheer, the Gang's All Here!" starts a new wave of singing. Now it is "Maryland," the clear voices of women leading the chorus. A pretty young woman carries the banner of California. Senator Hughes of New Jersey mounts the speaker's stand, and, waving a cane, proposes three cheers for Wilson. They are lost in the general uproar. The demonstration has been under way for 20 minutes.

Stir Over Suffrage Colors.

At 11:20 p. m., 32 minutes after the demonstration had started, a yellow suffrage umbrella was hoisted over the head of Congressman Hedlin of Alabama who was still holding the gavel temporarily. This served to rouse the enthusiasm.

Two Nebraska delegates leaped into the middle of the New York delegation, sitting tight in its chairs, and urged Murphy and the Tammany braves to get happy. Former Governor Glynn and a few others got on their chairs. Murphy didn't move a muscle.

A handsome woman in full evening dress waved the South Carolina flag from the speakers' stand, while the band played "Dixie."

The band quit playing at 11:30. Two minutes afterward it starts all over again—and then Chairman James begins to pound for order. The demonstration lasted 45 minutes.

After a couple of brief seconding speeches, the nomination of Mr. Wilson was rushed through.

Glynn is the Keynote.

In a hall gay with flags and bunting and with pictures of party leaders, past and present, looking down upon them from medallions around the balcony, the delegates to the Democratic national convention assembled on scheduled time Wednesday. The proceedings were formally started when William F. McCombs, chairman of the national committee, ascended the platform and rapped for order. He incited the first burst of enthusiasm of the convention when, in a short address, introducing the temporary chairman, he predicted victory for the party in the fall.

The keynote speech was delivered by former Gov. Martin H. Glynn of New York, the temporary chairman. He was frequently interrupted by applause when some point in his speech stirred the enthusiasm of the delegates. His eulogy of President Wilson started the biggest demonstration of the day. Following Governor Glynn's speech, committees on credentials, permanent organization, rules, and resolutions were announced, and that day's work was done.

James Permanent Chairman.

The delegates were a little slow in assembling for Thursday's session, and it was almost noon when Temporary

Chairman Glynn called the convention to order. Permanent Chairman Ollie James was escorted to the chair and introduced. He immediately launched into his address. He lauded the president and defended his policies, particularly in regard to the controversy with Germany over the submarine warfare and our relations with Mexico. An enthusiastic demonstration greeted his praise of President Wilson, which lasted more than twenty minutes. At the close of Chairman James' speech the convention took a recess until nine o'clock in the evening.

Before the nominating speeches began at the evening session the Democrats indulged in a love feast in which the advent of harmony in their ranks was celebrated. The leader of this demonstration of good will was William Jennings Bryan.

Wilson Praised by Bryan.

Mr. Bryan was cheered enthusiastically as he entered the press scene o'clock. A few minutes later, with Mrs. Bryan shortly after, upon the motion of Senator Thompson

of Kansas, the convention suspended the rules amid tumultuous good feeling and invited Mr. Bryan to the rostrum. A committee conducted Mr. Bryan amid wild cheering to the side of Chairman James.

Mr. Bryan launched into a speech lauding the administration of the president.

Following Mr. Bryan's address the convention got down to the real business for which it had been convened and the renomination of President Wilson and Vice President Marshall was quickly put through as related above.

The convention took a recess until eleven o'clock Friday morning, when the report of the committee on resolutions was presented and the platform was adopted with little discussion and practically no opposition.

Adopt Americanism Plank.

Condemnation of the activities of all persons, groups and organizations in the United States that conspire to advance the interests of a foreign power are contained in the Americanism plank of the Democratic platform adopted.

"We charge," the plank declares, "that such conspiracies among a Un-

ited number exist and have been instituted for the purpose of advancing the interests of foreign countries to the prejudice and detriment of our own country."

Through preparedness on land and sea against unexpected invasion and the joining of the United States with other nations to "assist the world in securing settled peace and justice" also were urged in other planks adopted.

A suffrage plank similar to that adopted by the Republican convention, endorsing the issue—but leaving its adoption or rejection to the individual states, was adopted.

"We recommend," the plank reads, "the extension of the franchise to the women of the country by the states upon the same terms as men."

The Only Difference.

First Landlady—I manage to keep my borders longer than you do.

Second Landlady—O, I don't know. You keep them so thin that they look longer than they really are.—Pathfinder.

Kendall Sketee, of Grand Rapids, professional dancer, died in Chicago, Paralysis, brought on by excessive dancing, according to physicians, and which affected his whole body, was the cause of death.

Justice Franz C. Kuhn will be chief justice of the supreme court next year and will have the honor of being the youngest justice to ever fill that position on Michigan's supreme bench.

Justice Kuhn will be 44 years old when he assumes the position, taking the place of present Chief Justice Stone, who is 78 years old.

Mrs. Eva Pribos, of Mason, has received from the Carnegie her fund medals for saving the lives of six people from an angry bull, October 13, 1913, and is to get \$1,000 in money.

Inheritance taxes amounting to many thousands of dollars have been posted in the probate office within the last 30 days. The largest, \$18,375.46, was paid by the Flora Whitney Donme estate, on approximately \$200,000. Others were: George H. Russell estate, \$4,739.27; Anna R. Venn, \$2,152.19; Whitney Moore, \$1,339.43.

There should be a national holiday called Junk day, when every house, barn, shed, garage, etc., should be relieved of all its junk.

"That's right, old man; but do you realize how little there would be left of many a happy home?"—New York Times.

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STEPS IN CAREER OF PRESIDENT WILSON

Born December 28, 1856, Staunton, Va.

Went to school—Columbia, S. C., 1870.

Entered Davidson (N. C.) college, 1873.

Entered Princeton, 1875.

Graduated A. B., 1879.

Entered law school University of Virginia, 1879.

Began law practice in Atlanta, 1882.

Spoke before tariff commission favoring free trade, 1882.

Entered Johns Hopkins university, 1883.

Received Ph. D., 1886, from Johns Hopkins.

Professor history and political science, Wesleyan university, 1888.

Chair of jurisprudence, Princeton, 1890.

L. L. D. from Lake Forest university in 1887; Tulane university, 1898; Johns Hopkins, 1901; Yale, 1901.

Elected president of Princeton, 1902.

Nominated governor of New Jersey, November, 1910.

Elected governor of New Jersey, November, 1910.

Nominated for president of the United States July 2, 1912.

Elected November, 1912.

Inaugurated March 4, 1913.

Renominated, St. Louis, June 15, 1916.

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M.N.C. HAVE THIRTY FIVE HUNDRED MEN

WITH ORDERS TO INCREASE TO
FIVE THOUSAND SIX HUN-
DRED AND NINETY-SEVEN.

TROOPS MEET AT GRAYLING

National Guardsmen to Be Checked
Up By Army Officers From
Chicago.

Lansing—Thirty-five hundred men, with orders to increase the number to 5,687 will be assembled not later than Thursday of this week, at the state's permanent military reservation at Grayling in response to the call to arms, which has been issued by President Wilson. The orders from the war department as interpreted by Col. Bersey, adjutant general, mean that the guardsmen are to be moved as soon as it is practical and the orders which were issued Sunday night mean that the men being assembled at the armories at their home stations are to be moved to the mobilization camps within the next 48 hours.

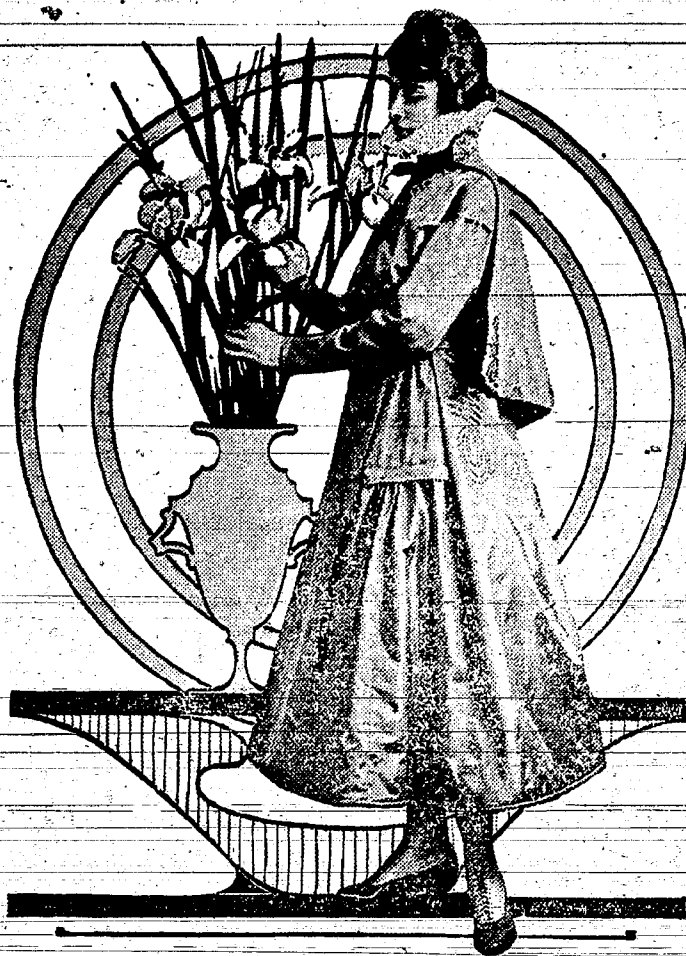
The National Guardsmen will be compelled to await the regular army officers which will be sent from the department commander's headquarters at Chicago to muster in the guardsmen. As the officers come from the federal government all the men must be checked up by the regular army.

The order contemplates the moving of the guard in the strength which it now is recruited, which is peace strength, and begins immediate recruiting to bring the companies to war strength. In Michigan this means that 2,194 men will be needed to bring the brigade to war strength. Each battery requires 171 men, infantry 120 and cavalry 80.

The Michigan National Guard is probably as well prepared, if not better than any other Guard in the country, said Col. Bersey Sunday night.

The weakest point in the state is Lansing, according to the figures which were computed Sunday night. Captain Dunnebeck and McCormick must obtain at least 250 more horses and nearly 200 more men to comply with the orders. This means that the officers and men of Batteries A and B must exert all energies to be ready to entrain when the orders are given.

Afternoon Gown With Adjustable Cape



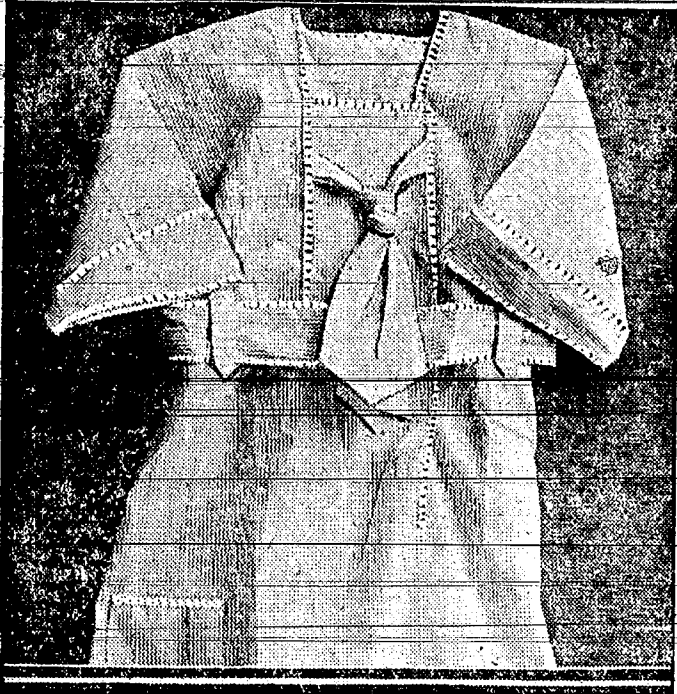
Although it made its bow somewhat earlier in the season, this gown was to the vanguard of fashion and its strong points are emphasized now, since they are all approved styles. The skirt shows a commendable method of managing the flare by means of panels at the front, an inverted V-shaped yoke at each side, supporting full side pieces, and two panels that meet at the center of the back. Each of these panels is formed by deep inverted plaits, so that the skirt sets trimly about the hips. It is finished at the bottom with a heavy silk-covered cord.

The rather plain bodice is cut with a drop shoulder, and the arm's-eye is finished with a narrow hem. The long, tapering sleeve is set in under this hem in the same manner as the side pieces in the skirt are set in the yoke. The bodice-blouses at the front and is joined to the skirt under a plain taffeta girde.

Silk soutache braid, in the same color as the taffeta, is applied in an old scroll design to the front of the bodice, to the collar and cape and on the girde. The cape and silk collar extend only across the back, suspended from a tie of velvet-ribbon-finished with a bow at the throat. In the picture a high-plaited ruff of organdie stands up about the neck. With the progress of the season the ruff is disappearing from the throat, but half of it remains, supplementing the high silk collar which still holds its own as a chic finish to the back of the neck.

The cape is an accessory for street wear, which is taken off indoors. It adds very little in the way of warmth or protection but much in distinctive style. A gown of this kind will look well in any of the quiet colors in which taffeta is made and in the darker changeable tones.

Overall-Aprons and Breakfast-Suits



Those who specialize in certain lines of apparel have demonstrated that the most utilitarian of garments may be made with an eye to beauty. This is demonstrated in the overall-aprons, which answer the purpose of house-dresses in summertime, and in the new-breakfast suits which have an attraction all their own.

These useful garments are turned out by manufacturers and retailed through shops at a lower price than they can be made for at home; if the housewife's time is counted in as worth anything. The overall-aprons are described by their names and they are designed to be slipped on and fastened in the quickest way possible. They cover the dress completely and are perfect garments for housework. There is a surprising number of styles in them to choose from, and they are priced in the neighborhood of a dollar.

Heavy percales, ginghams and chambrays, or any of the strong cotton materials that stand tubbing well are used for them. The colors are nearly stable, with stripes in combination with white in great favor. An example is shown in the picture, made of lavender and white striped percale, piped with a broader stripe in the same color and finished with a tie of plain lavender chambray.

Breakfast suits are made of the same cotton fabrics or of plain unbleached cottons, trimmed with striped

materials. They are in two pieces, with plain skirts faced up at the bottom with a striped border, and middie blouses of either the plain or striped goods. Belted blouses, like short sports coats in shape, make a pretty variation in style.

These "breakfast-suits" retail around three dollars and are used for all sorts of morning wear, indoor and out, in summertime. Nothing could be better for the summer outing than two or three of these smart and practical suits that come out crisp and bright from the laundry.

Julia Strimling
Puffs and Curles.

With the advent of the very large hat the necessity for increasing the bulk of hair beneath it has automatically suggested puffs and little ringlets. That the Stuart coiffure is almost universally becoming will be a great point in its favor and a very little practice is sufficient to achieve skill even by an amateur. The hairdressers say that no fashion of dressing the hair is so healthful for tresses as aerated puffs and light twists.

Square Crowns.
Some of the new straw hats have square crowns.

Separate Skirts.

There is always something new to be said on the subject of separate skirts, for these articles are much more charming and diversified than they have been for many seasons. The all-white corduroy, linen or gabardine skirt is a thing of the past. Fashion favors stripes, checks, broad plaids and all kinds of novelty-decorations. One very smart model was made of Shantung silk with old-gold stripes. It was quite plain and very flaring. The stripes were sufficient trimming.

For summer wear with thin crepe blouses nothing could be more attractive.

Parasols at Tea.

Cunning little parasols, ten inches long, are being carried to tea, for what reason it is not clear, although they may serve as fans, for they reverse on their handles like old-fashioned carriage parasols. They are of Japanese crepe and painted silk and are often mounted upon beautiful old filigree and carved ivory handles.

UNITES THE COASTS

REMARKABLE HISTORY OF LINE OF CANADIAN RAILROAD.

System Built Under Obstacles Which Appear Almost Insurmountable is a Monument to the Skill of Its Engineers.

A strip a hundred miles wide, extending from coast to coast, was added to the attainable vistas of Canadian territory when the first train over the new Canadian Northern Transcontinental railroad rolled into Vancouver carrying 60 members of the Canadian parliament and some hundred other public officials, railroad engineers and newspaper men, assembled from all parts of Canada and the United States, to take part in the opening of a new era in the development of the Dominion.

Since 1896 this new railroad system has been quietly and unostentatiously covering the middle section of Canada with a gridiron of steel rails. To the observant its trend and ultimate objective were plain. Yet outside of Canada and even in many sections of the Dominion it attracted so little attention that the progress of this first transcontinental train, triumphantly heralded throughout the continent, has been a revelation and a surprise.

In part this is due to the manner of the system's unbuilding. It started 19 years ago with a modest 3-mile railroad from Gladstone to Dauphin, Manitoba—its name was the Manitoba & Northwestern Railway and Canal. The canal part of it, by the way, never was built, and probably never will be. The railroad had a single track and a single passenger train which ran out of Gladstone in the morning as Train No. 1 and bravely returned in the afternoon as Train No. 2, and it was characteristic of the Scottish sense of humor in the builders and proprietors that the time-table contained a solemn notice that "Train No. 2 will not leave the terminal until after the arrival of Train No. 1."

It was also characteristic of their shrewdness that this particular 85-miles of territory through which the railroad ran was already noted as the best wheat-growing land in the province and has since fully justified its reputation.

This first little railroad made money, although the franchise for its construction had gone begging for years before it was started. There followed branch lines which doubled, then tripled its traffic; then an extension to Portage La Prairie; then more little railroads on the prairies, most of them on the same modest scale.

In course of time the proprietors of these lines went east and acquired the Great Northern railroad on the north shore of the St. Lawrence river, between Montreal and Quebec, tapping an immense pulpwood area. Then came more railroads and still more, until the Canadian Northern Railroad system, as these scattered lines had become, controlled more mileage in the three prairie provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta than any other Canadian railroad.

It has since increased until it has 10,000 miles in all.—New York Times Sunday Magazine.

WOODEN CARS ARE PASSING

Will Have Been Replaced by Steel Coaches on All Principal Railroads in Ten Years, It Is Believed.

Disappearance of wooden cars from the principal railroads of the country within a period of ten years is considered probable. This prediction is based upon the figures embodied in a report prepared for the information of congress, in which it is stated that nearly one-fourth of the 61,228 passenger cars at present in use are of all-steel construction.

At the beginning of the year there were 14,886 all-steel coaches in service, and of the 1,094 new cars under construction only three were of wood, while in 1909 in the United States there were only 629 cars of steel. The gain in steel has thus been very rapid, and the encouraging feature of the situation is the voluntary acceptance of fireproof material by the transportation managers.

The cost of replacing the wooden equipment in use with steel is heavy—not less than \$520,000,000, according to estimates presented to the interstate-commerce-commission—and so large an amount cannot be expended in one year, the assumption that the expenditure will be distributed over a period of ten years seems to be within the bounds of probability. Perhaps the time may be shortened by intelligent co-operation between the federal and state authorities and the railroads.—Providence Journal.

First to Burn Pulverized Coal.

The first locomotive of any considerable size to be fitted up in the United States or Canada (and, so far as known, in the world) with successful apparatus for burning pulverized coal in suspension was a ten-wheel type engine. This engine has cylinders 22 inches in diameter by 26 inches stroke. Driving wheels, 69 inches diameter. Boiler pressure, 200 pounds. Heating surface, 2,849 square feet. Grate area, 56 feet. It is equipped with a Schmidt pulverizer and has a tractive effort of 31,000 pounds. It was converted into a pulverized fuel burner in the early part of 1914.—Scientific American.

Satisfactory to Both. Sergeant (cynically)—Come to join, eh? For the separation allowance, I suppose.

Applicant—Yes, sir! I want the separation and she wants the allowance.—Bystander (London).

Of Course. Patience—I see it is said that the United States yearly spends \$24,000,000 for snuff.

Patrice—Why, the idea! Where do you suppose it is used? "In the nose."

RAILROADS' GREAT WAR AID

One of Difficulties U. S. Government Faces is a Shortage of Cars for Transporting Troops and Supplies.

In the classrooms of the capital at Washington some find fault with the federal administration and the railroads because Columbus, N. M., is on a single-track railroad, which cannot handle a military troop and supply train rapidly. Congress is finding out how much depends on the condition of railroads in time of war, yet it does not show much inclination to help them. We are lucky to have so much railroad accommodation along the Mexican frontier. We cannot expect Villa to pick out points where railroad service is of the best when raiding our frontier, and we cannot very well ask the Southern Pacific to build a four-track railroad parallel to the border when the government forces it to carry parcel post matter at rates far below cost of transportation.

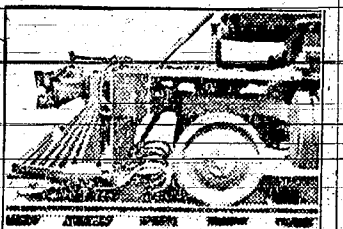
Strategic railroads have been the salvation of Germany and Austria-Hungary so far in the European war. The largest army does not always win a battle. Alexander the Great and all successful generals since his time won battles by striking the enemy hard at one important point. In our day overwhelming forces can be concentrated quickly by using railroads, and in no other way. If we are to keep down the size of our army we must make it as mobile as possible, and the only way to do this is to organize the railroads. It would be easy to hurry troops to New York, but there are many other points of strategic importance at which troops could not be easily concentrated because the railroad service is inadequate.

One of the difficulties our war department faces is shortage of cars for transporting troops and supplies. The government can commandeer all the cars it needs, but if it has to do so the general trade of the country will be paralyzed. War in Mexico will not hurt business if it does not interfere with the transportation of merchandise. If the railroads had plenty of rolling stock this could not happen, but they would be tied up by government requisitions, as it is, if we had to put 200,000 men in the field, and that is the smallest number that any military expert mentions when talking about a recent campaign in Mexico.

HOOKS PLACED UNDER PILOT

Device Which It Is Claimed Will Prevent Any Possibility of the Derailment of Trains.

With the idea of preventing the derailment of a locomotive when it encounters some minor track obstruction, a Louisville railway man has constructed a hook fender which is intended to be attached at the back



Hooks Arranged Beneath the Pilot of Locomotive to Prevent Derailments.

on the underside of a pilot. It consists of a row of large hooks the points of which face forward in such a position as to grapple things which the pilot might not strike.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

DUE TO EQUIPMENT DEFECTS

Interstate Commerce Commission Makes Report on the Causes of Various Railroad Accidents.

The failure of wheels on two trains of the St. Paul system within ten days of each other, and at the same time, by a coincidence, led to an investigation of the cause of wheel failures, which has become one of the most serious problems in American railroading.

In the thirteen years ending June 30, 1915, there were 37,456 derailments due to equipment defects, of which 12,882 were caused by defective wheels, with a property loss of \$12,506,000.

Many of these wheels were of the built-up type, consisting of a cast-iron hub, two rolled steel check plates and a rolled steel tire. The various parts are forced on under pressure and then secured by bolts. Out of twenty wheels of this type examined after the accident ten were found to have incipient cracks in the interior webs of the tires.

The interstate-commerce-commission concluded that cold-rolled wheel tires, as well as cold-rolled rails, are not the strongest kinds.

The commission stated, in connection with the accident, that on many railroads the track is not properly constructed or sufficiently maintained to permit of the safe operation of trains at the rates of speed allowed.

Fixing the Blame. "You are charged with stealing an umbrella," said the police magistrate. "What have you to say in your behalf?"

"My mother is to blame for it," replied the prisoner.

"How is that?" asked the P. M. "When I was a boy," answered the prisoner, "she taught me that it was always well to lay up something for a rainy day."

Installments. Mrs. Flatbush—She got all her furniture on the installment plan.

Mrs. Bensonhurst—Are you sure?

"Positive. You see she's been married five times and she got a little furniture with each husband."

Sticks and Clubs. Dacon—in Cochin-China, parties desiring to get a divorce break a pair of chopsticks in the presence of witnesses, and the thing is done.

Egbert—That's an improvement over clubbing a man to it.

MAY BLOCKADE MEXICAN PORTS

PREVENT ARMS AND AMMUNITION FROM REACHING MEXICAN FORCES.

CUT OFF FROM WAR SUPPLIES

One Hundred Thousand National Guardsmen to Guard the Mexican Border.

Washington—From confidential sources it was learned that the administration contemplates a blockade of every Mexican port on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts within the next few days. This step will be taken to prevent arms, ammunition and other war supplies from reaching the Mexican forces in the event that Carranza fails to yield completely to the United States and continues making threats and encouraging warlike demonstrations. With the border closed tight against all shipments of war material into Mexico, and the ports blockaded, the de facto government would be completely cut off from every source of supply except through Guatemala, and it is not believed that the government of that country would furnish arms to Carranza.

Upon General Carranza's reception of a stern refusal to heed his demands for recall of American troops from Mexico hinges the question of a Mexican war in the opinion of President Wilson's close advisers. They were prepared for the possibility of open hostilities after the note, which will be sent forward, has reached Carranza's hands.

No indication has come that the first order's attitude or implications are likely to be shaken by the reiterated declaration of the latest communication that the United States has no aggressive or warlike purpose toward Mexico, but is firmly resolved to protect her borders and end banditism in the border states.

The reply to Carranza's note demanding recall of General Pershing's expedition was in the hands of the government printer, preparatory to its delivery and publication.

Secretary Lansing had intended to send it forward, but at the last moment minor changes and additions to the 6,000-word document necessitated delay. Although it had been planned to send it by special messenger to Mexico City, the situation has changed and it probably will be handed to Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador designate.

While the diplomatic steps were in progress the nation was stirring throughout its width and breadth with the movement of National Guardsmen mobilizing to guard the border. At least 100,000, and possibly a far larger number, were preparing for active service under President Wilson's call. For the present their mission will be purely one of defense, but should war come, they will be ready also for that. No marching orders for the new forces had gone out. They will not be assigned for border duty until mustered into the federal service.

MAKES HEALTHY SHOWING

P. M. R. Does \$19,766,515 Business Since July 1, 1915, and June 7.

Detroit—The estimated revenue of the Pere Marquette railroad is showing healthy gains in all departments, according to the weekly report of the receivers. From July 1, 1915, to and including June 7, 1916, the estimated freight revenue was \$14,122,835, a gain of \$2,255,580 over the same period of 1914-15. The estimated passenger revenue for the same time was \$3,336,115, a gain of \$154,492. The total estimated revenue for the period is \$19,766,515, an increase of \$2,807,407.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

London—The Russian duma has adopted a bill calling for the abatement from eating meat four days in each week.

Pittsburg—France has ordered from the Pressed Steel Car Co. 100,000 steel forgings for 9.2-inch shells at \$225 each.

London—Re-mapping Europe after the war is going to be as colossal a diplomatic task as the war has been a military undertaking.

New York—A sentence of from three years and six months to seven years in Sing Sing prison has been imposed on Leonardo DeVizio, convicted of attempting to place a bomb in the municipal building.

Paris—Julius Hedeman, a prominent French journalist, has been killed at Verdun, where he was serving in the French army as a lieutenant.

Havana—The senate has passed Senator Mazoni's bill providing that any president who is a candidate for reelection shall retire from office 65 days before the elections. The measure has been supported by the liberals in order to procure the retirement of President Menocal and so nullify the influence of the administration in the November elections.

The American Bible society has during the last century issued 115,000,000 copies of the Bible, of which 63,328,334 were circulated in the United States.

New York—"Tag day" are highly objectionable and will be under the ban in New York. Mayor Mitchell announced. He said his view was shared by the board of aldermen. Many persons, Mr. Mitchell declared, object to such a method of raising money for charity and he pointed out that there were many other ways of obtaining funds for worthy purposes.

Height of Meteors.
Meteors, or shooting stars, are small solid bodies that fall through space, become incandescent in the atmosphere of the earth, and usually disappear in the form of gas or dust. If two observers stationed several miles apart see the same shooting star and note the point in the sky where it appeared, they can construct a hypothetical triangle, the apex of which is the point of appearance of the meteor, and thus obtain the approximate height of the shooting star when it first became visible. For a long period of years, it appears, a German observer employed this method of estimating the height of shooting stars. From careful observations, of no less than 102 meteors he found that the mean height at which shooting stars first become visible is 81 miles. The mean height of the point at which they disappear is about 59 miles, and the average length of their visible path 42 miles.

A Scrap of Paper.

According to Le Figaro, the famous expression, "A scrap of paper," was used as long ago as the eighteenth century by Lord Chesterfield, and, strangely enough, to brand the conduct of an ancestor of William II—the great Frederick himself. The latter, betraying the French alliance to negotiate in an underhand way with England, had ordered his minister, Potho, to explain to Lord Chesterfield that the invasion of Bohemia had not been a real act of aggression, but a preparation of legitimate defense taken against the threats and snares of Austrian politicians. "I very much doubt," replied Lord Chesterfield, "if these fears, whether they be well or ill founded, are sufficient grounds for taking up arms against a neighbor. The most solemn treaties are only scraps of paper if the powers that be have sufficient reasons to authorize their being broken." This conversation is related by Chesterfield himself in a letter dated February 21, 1745.—Dunlop's Dictionary.

Ballad Early Form of Newspaper.

The ballad, or that form of it which is associated with the broadside, was one predecessor of the newspaper as a commentator on events. It was written for the people and sold to the people. Printed on poor paper and passed from hand to hand, copies of early ballads were seldom preserved. Fortunately several men of the seventeenth century began to make collections of ballads, and the copies of broadsides printed before 1700 that are now in existence are supposed to number about 10,000. Soon after 1700 the printed form of the ballad was changed, the "black letter" disappearing, but the ballad continued as a chronicler of happenings and a commentator on political, military and other public events until the middle of the nineteenth century, and in the United States as well as England the "topical" song of today perpetuates the satirical function of the ballad.

Cures Scabies by Pulling the Leg.

Obstinate cases of scabies are cured, according to an English physician quoted by the New York Medical Journal, by stretching the leg for about three weeks. His method is to attach long strips of adhesive plaster from the upper part of the thigh to the ankles, inside and outside the leg, attaching them by spiral strips of plaster and fastening them to end in a strap on the foot of the bed. A weight is hung to the cord. This is at first of eight or nine pounds, but is gradually increased to about double. The leg is thus pulled into extension. The first two days the pain increases, but then it subsides rapidly and disappears. After about three weeks the patient is subjected to a course of massage and radiant heat.

Theory Put to the Test.

A western professor said the other day that he could tell good meat by tasting it, and a man in the East and who saw this statement promptly packed a box and sent it to him by parcel post. He also inclosed this note: "Dear Professor: I saw what you said about tasting salt and am sending a sample selected hampstead from my back yard. I wish you'd give it the palate test and tell me frankly what you think. I don't seem to have any luck with it myself. My cabbage, came up without heads, my potatoes have been mistaken for chestnuts, my onions are acetic and my corn looks like birdshot. Litter off a chunk and let me hear from you. Never mind about returning balance. Keep it for dessert. Write soon."

A POSTAL CARD

Not a Bite of Breakfast Until You Drink Water

Says a glass of hot water and phosphate prevents illness and keeps us fit.

Just as coal, when it burns, leaves behind a certain amount of combustible material in the form of ashes, so the food and drink taken day after day leaves in the alimentary canal a certain amount of indigestible material, which if not completely eliminated from the system each day, becomes food for the millions of bacteria which infest the bowels. From this mass of left-over waste, toxins and ptomaine-like poisons are formed and sucked into the blood.

Men and women who can't get feeling right must begin to take inside baths. Before eating breakfast each morning drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash out the thirty-five per cent of the previous day's accumulation of poisons and toxins and to keep the entire alimentary canal clean, pure and fresh.

Those who are subject to sick headache, colds, biliousness, constipation, others who wake up with bad taste, foul breath, backache, rheumatic stiffness, or have a sour, gassy stomach after meals, are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store, and begin practicing internal sanitation. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone an enthusiast on the subject. Remember inside bathing is more important than outside bathing, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing poor health, while the bowel pores do. Just-as-wash-and-hot-water cleanses, sweetens and freshens the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

SAGE TEA BEAUTIFIES AND DARKENS HAIR

Don't Stay Gray! It Darkens So Naturally That No-body can Tell.

You can turn gray, faded hair beautifully dark and lustrous almost overnight if you get a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" at any drug store. Millions of bottles of this old famous Sage Tea Recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, are sold annually, says a well-known druggist here, because it darkens the hair and makes it healthy—that no one can tell it has been applied.

Those whose hair is turning gray or becoming faded have a surprise awaiting them, because after one or two applications the gray hair vanishes and your locks become luxuriantly dark and beautiful.

This is the age of youth. Gray-haired, unattractive folks aren't wanted around, so get busy with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound tonight and you'll be delighted with your dark, handsome hair and youthful appearance within a few days.

This preparation is a toilet requisite and is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

LESS MEAT IF BACK AND KIDNEYS HURT

Take a glass of Salts to flush Kidneys if Bladder bothers you—Drink lots of water.

Eating meat regularly eventually produces kidney trouble in some form or other, says a well-known authority, because the urine and its waste matter, the kidneys, they become overworked, get sluggish, clog up and cause all sorts of distress; particularly backache and misery in the kidney region; rheumatism, twinges, severe headaches, acid stomach, constipation, torpid liver, sleeplessness, bladder and urinary irritation.

The moment your back hurts or kidneys aren't acting right, or if bladder bothers you, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity; also to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

For chronic cases, a glass of water makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then to keep the kidneys and urinary organs clean, thus avoiding serious kidney disease.

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